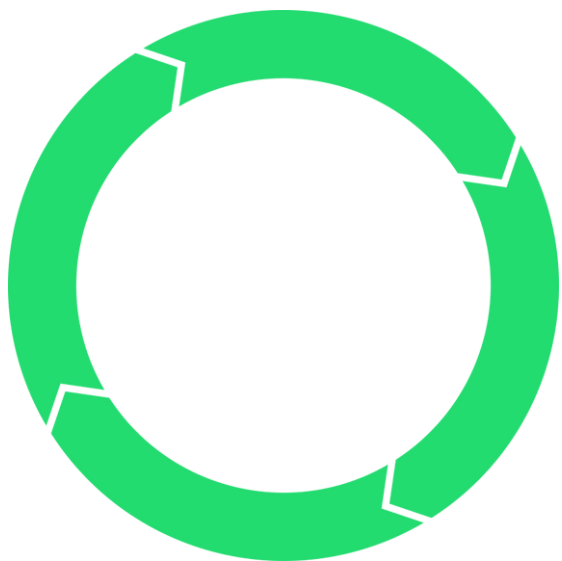




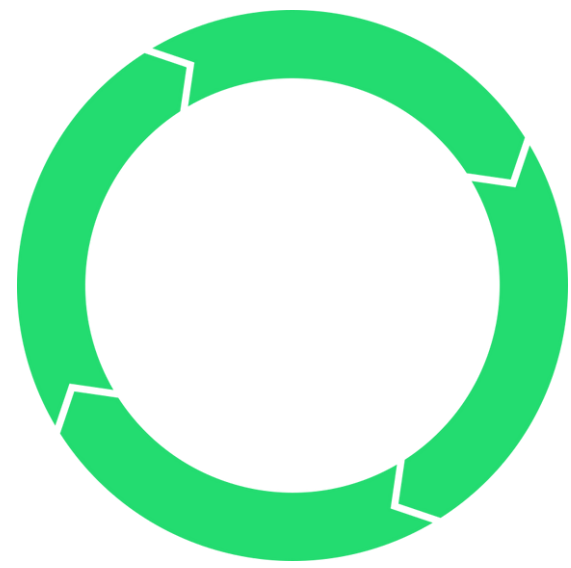
OGNJEN BOŠKOVIĆ

FOUNDER AT **EXECUTORS**,
GROWTH LEAD AT **CXL**



PONZI SCHEMES

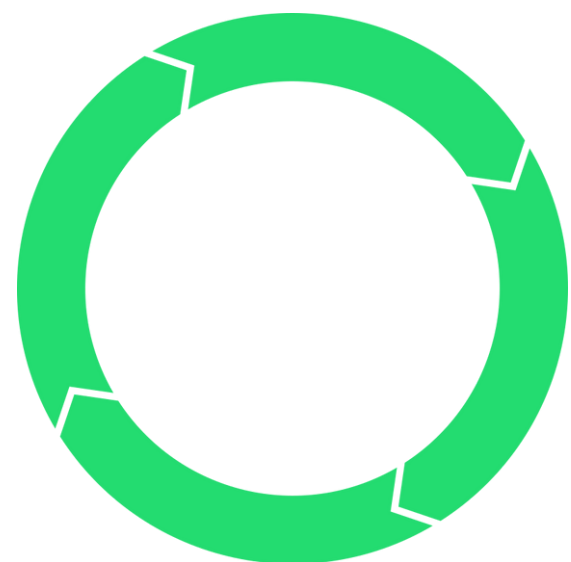
BY OGNJEN BOŠKOVIĆ



LEGAL

PONZI SCHEMES

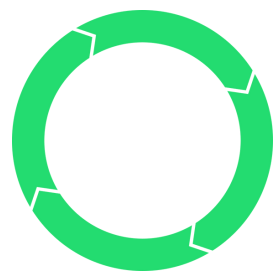
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AKA

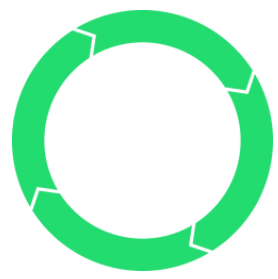
GROWTH LOOPS

BY OGNJEN BOŠKOVIĆ



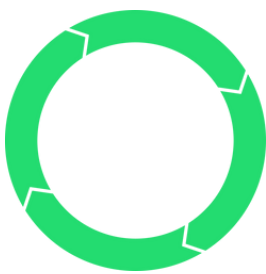
In 1954, Peter Drucker said:

"...the business enterprise has two—and only two—basic functions: marketing and innovation."



A recent study by ProfitWell:

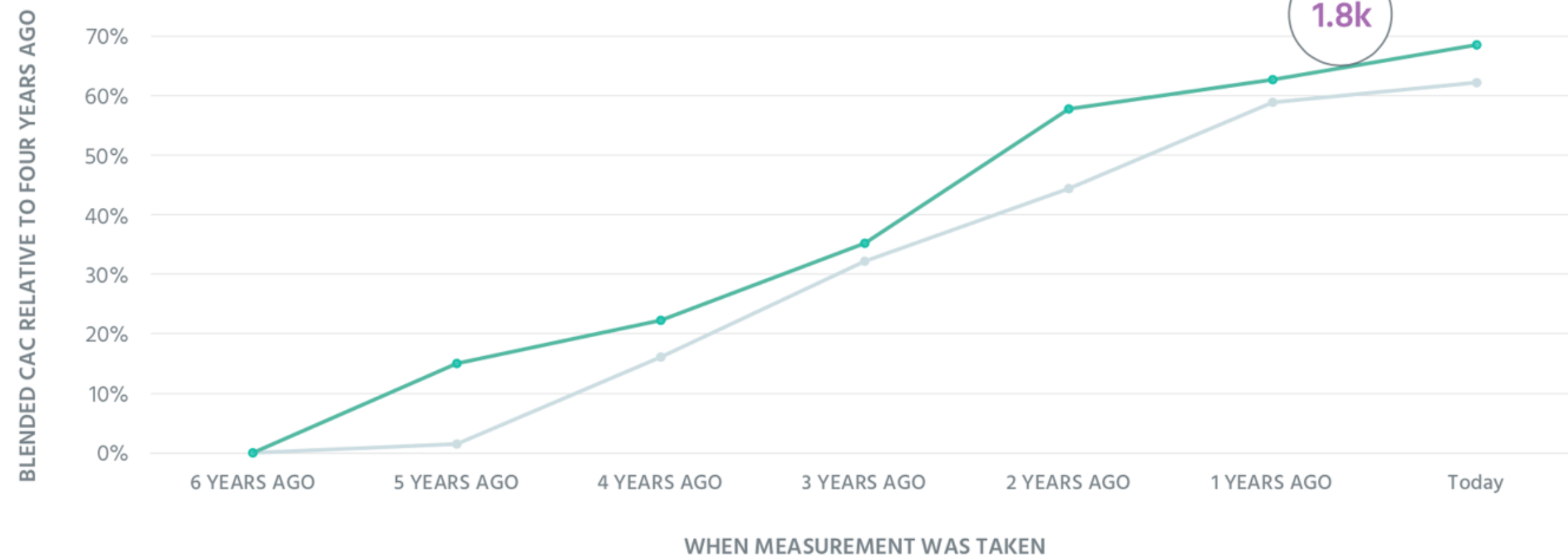
In SaaS, customer acquisition costs increased by 70% in the last 6 years.



SUBSCRIPTION CAC STUDY


Customer acquisition cost has increased significantly

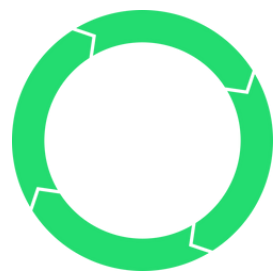
Customer acquisition cost has increased significantly over the years due to market saturation of marketing vying for consumer attention.



N = 1,782 companies

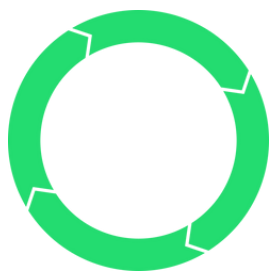
SOURCE: 2019 SUBSCRIPTION CUSTOMER ACQUISITION COST (CAC) STUDY

Brought to you by 



Fintech sector growth:

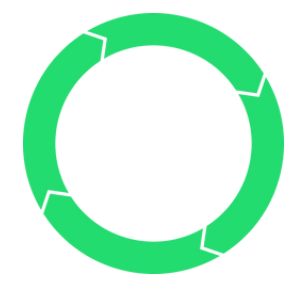
In 2018, there were 12,131 fintech startups in the world. In 2021, there were 26,045.



Number of Fintech Startups Worldwide, 2018-2021, by Region



Source: BCG & Statista

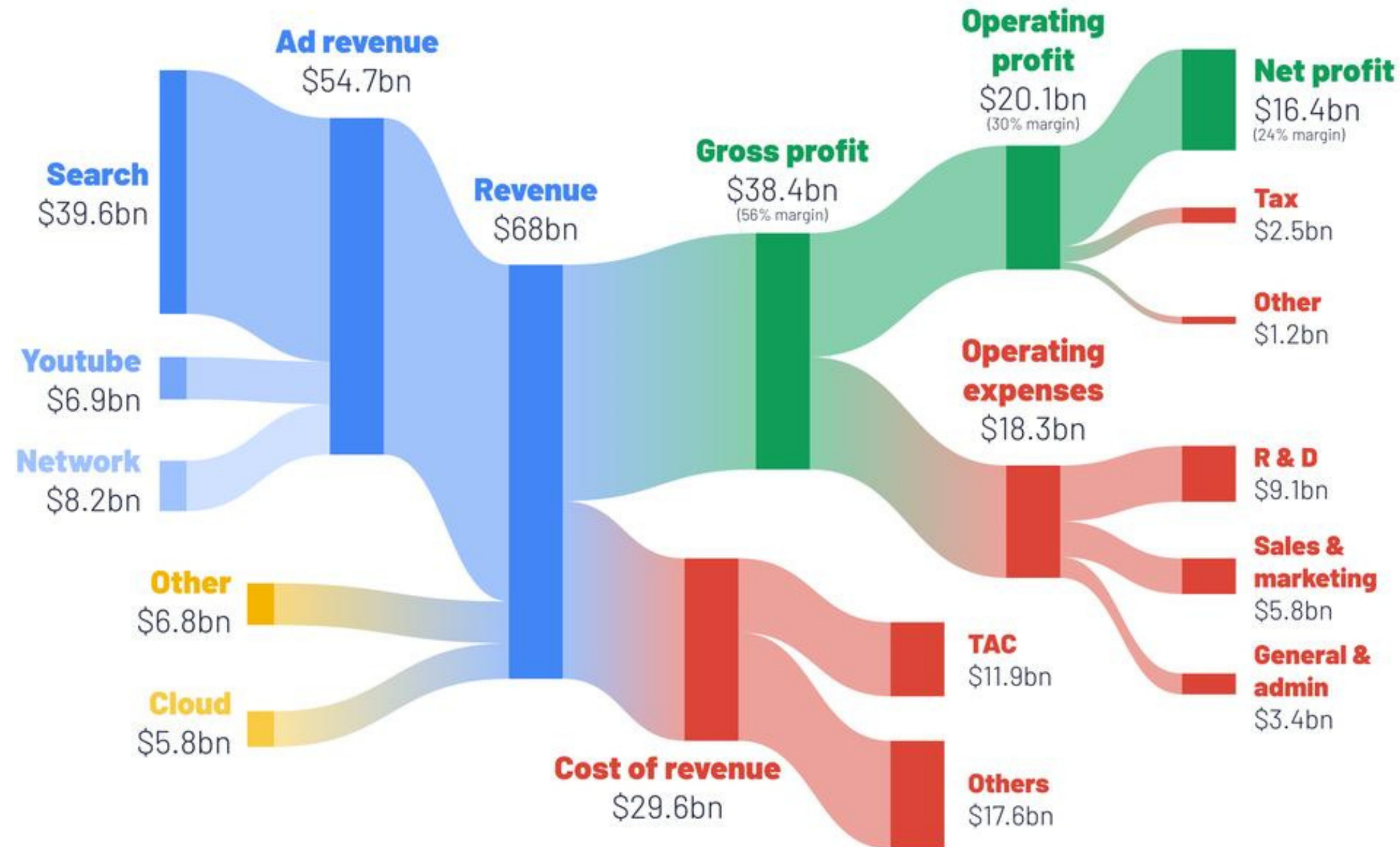


The world has changed:

Customer acquisition is the biggest cost for most businesses today.



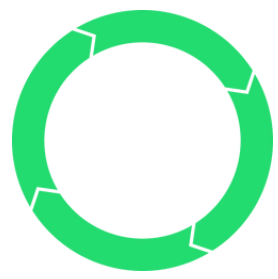
How profitable is Google really?



Source: Google 2Q 2022 financial statements

More charts at (link in bio): genuineimpact.substack.com

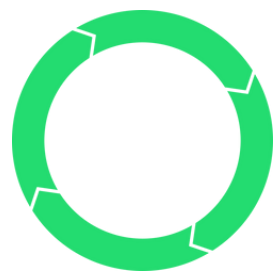




WHY?

Most businesses don't have a growth model:

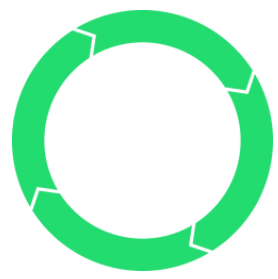
Growth model is essentially answering the 'how will the business grow' question. Most aren't able to answer it.



WHY?

'Growth model' usually looks like this:

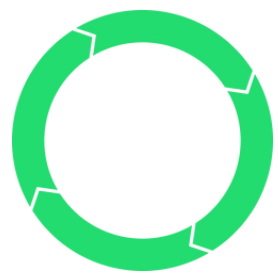
We'll run some Google Ads. Let's hire more sales reps. Do more marketing. Throwing tactics against the wall, waiting for something to stick.



WHY?

The Law of Shitty Clickthrough Rates:

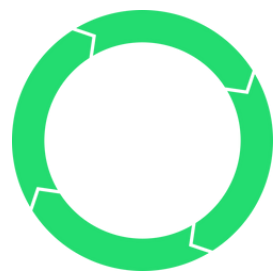
As soon as a business starts using an effective tactic, it will get copied by others, reducing its effectiveness due to the lack of differentiation.



WHY?

Reliance on sales funnels:

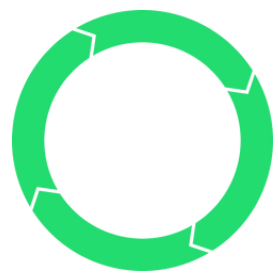
Funnels only allow linear growth, create functional silos, are dependent on non-owned channels, and are extremely hard to scale.



WHY?

Company-centric growth models:

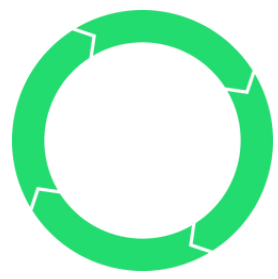
Consumer behaviour is shifting towards self-education and self-serve. Your customer doesn't want to be pitched, interrupted by your ads, cold called at 7 PM during family dinner, and 'nurtured' by endless email sequences.



WHY?

Forgetting the 'distribution' component:

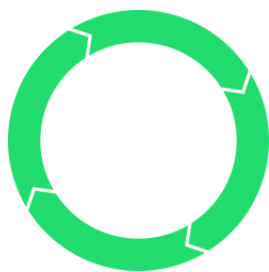
**Product (innovation) and marketing
(distribution) shouldn't be developed in silos, and
yet that is usually the case.**



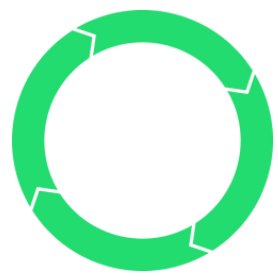
WHY?

Forgetting the 'distribution' component:

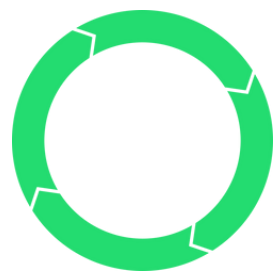
Most businesses approach growth with 'we've built the product, let's do some marketing now' attitude, or even worse – 'build it and they will come'.



SOLUTION

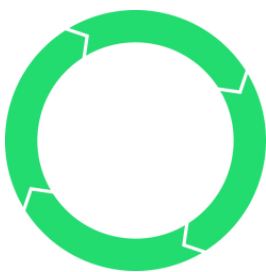


**GROWTH LOOPS ARE THE
SOLUTION**



Boring definition:

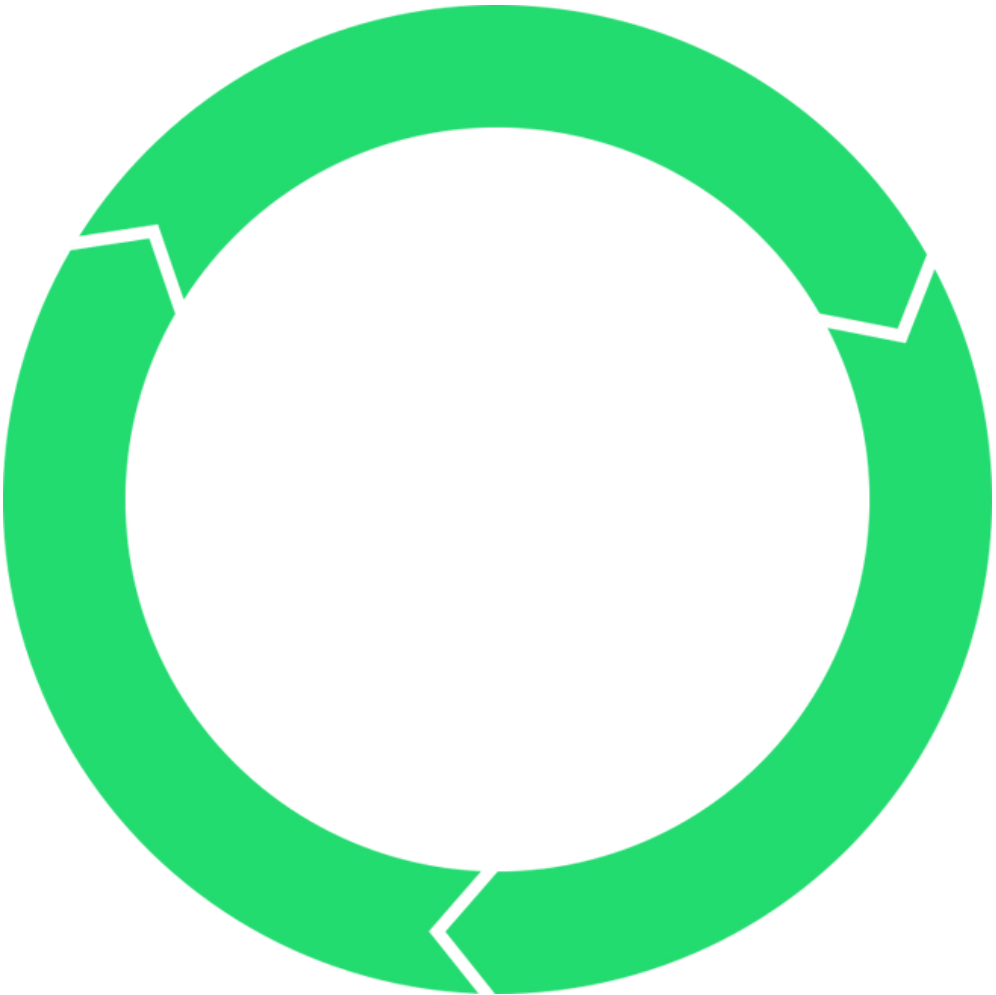
Growth loops are closed systems where the inputs through some process generates more of an output that can be reinvested in the input.

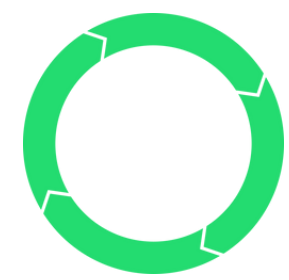


Input

Output

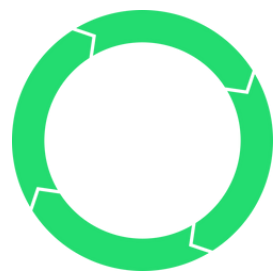
Process





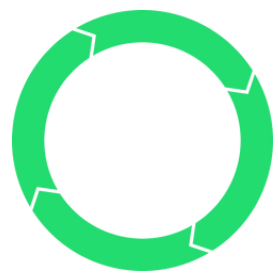
Street definition:

Growth loops are legal Ponzi schemes. Bring one user in, they'll bring more users to you for free.



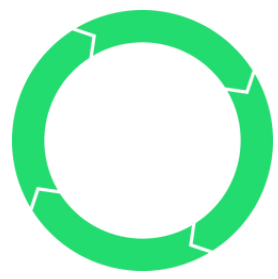
Practical definition:

Growth loops are a way to control, manage and optimize word of mouth, the most effective acquisition channel of all.



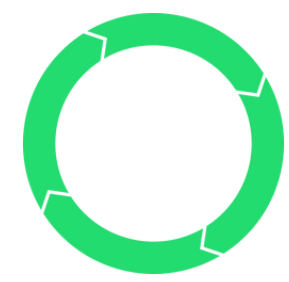
Growth loops enable exponential growth:

The efficiency of a growth loop is measured in how many new users an existing user will generate.



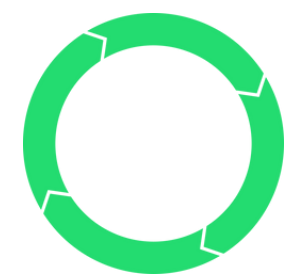
This is called K-Factor:

If 1 existing customer brings 3 new customers in a year, K-Factor = 3. Efficient growth loops often have the K-Factor = 100 and even more.

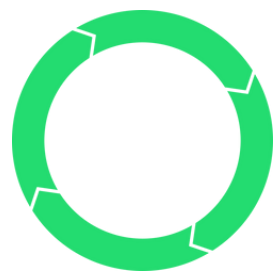


Compared to funnels:

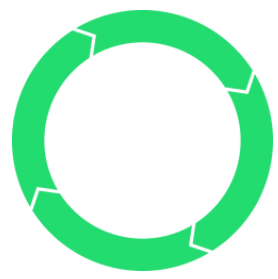
Traditional sales funnel most businesses rely on most often have the K-Factor of around 0.2.



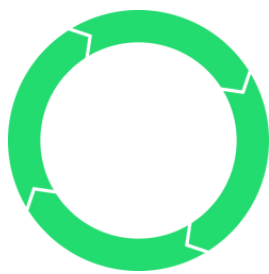
Growth loops essentially rely on **product usage** by existing customers to **acquire new customers**.



Your business most likely has a few growth loops already. What you need to do with them is **maintain, experiment and track their performance.**

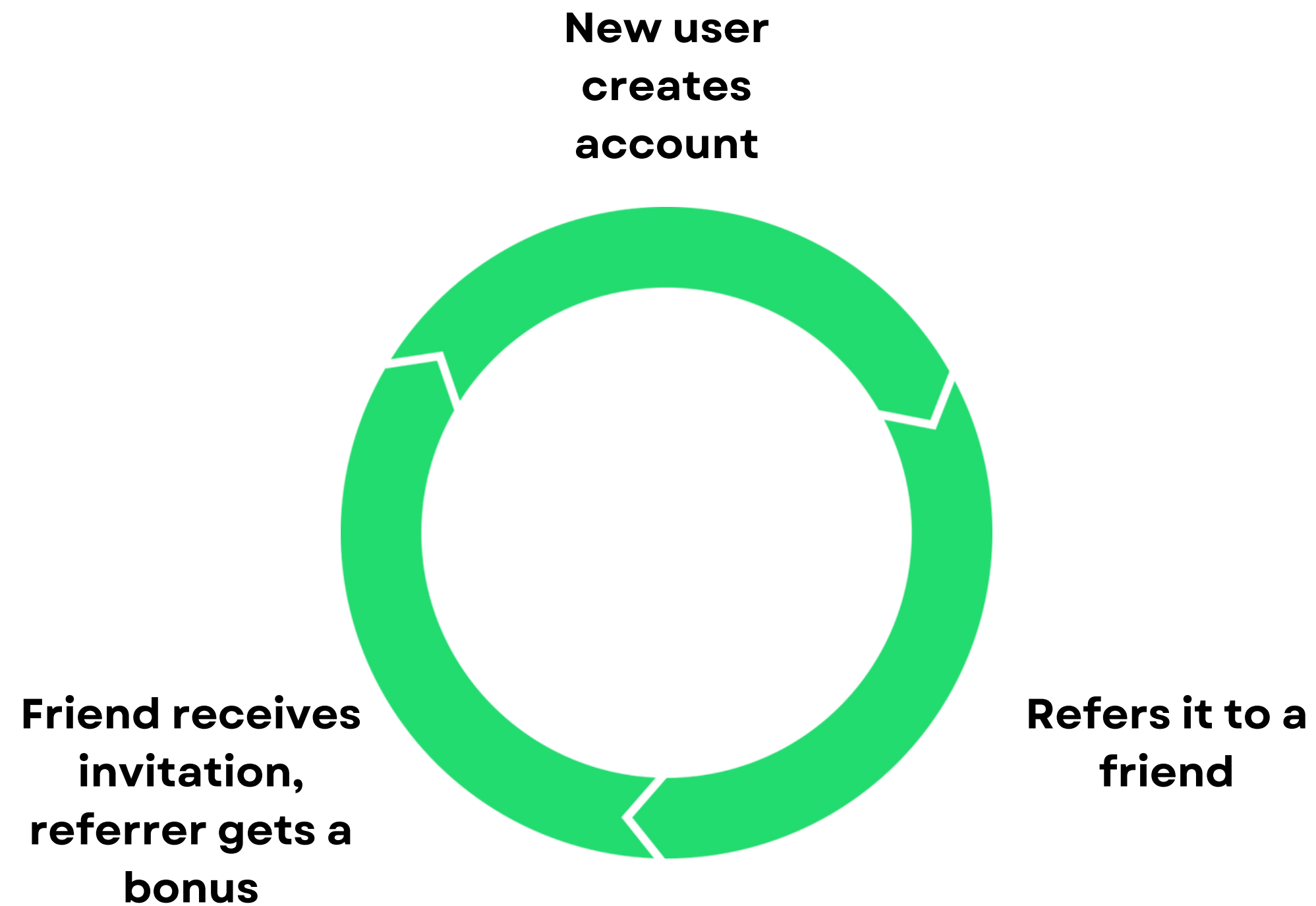


To build your first growth loop, you need to identify your product's core **AHA moment**, areas of the product customers **use the most** and **find the most value in**, and **amplify distribution potential** in those areas.

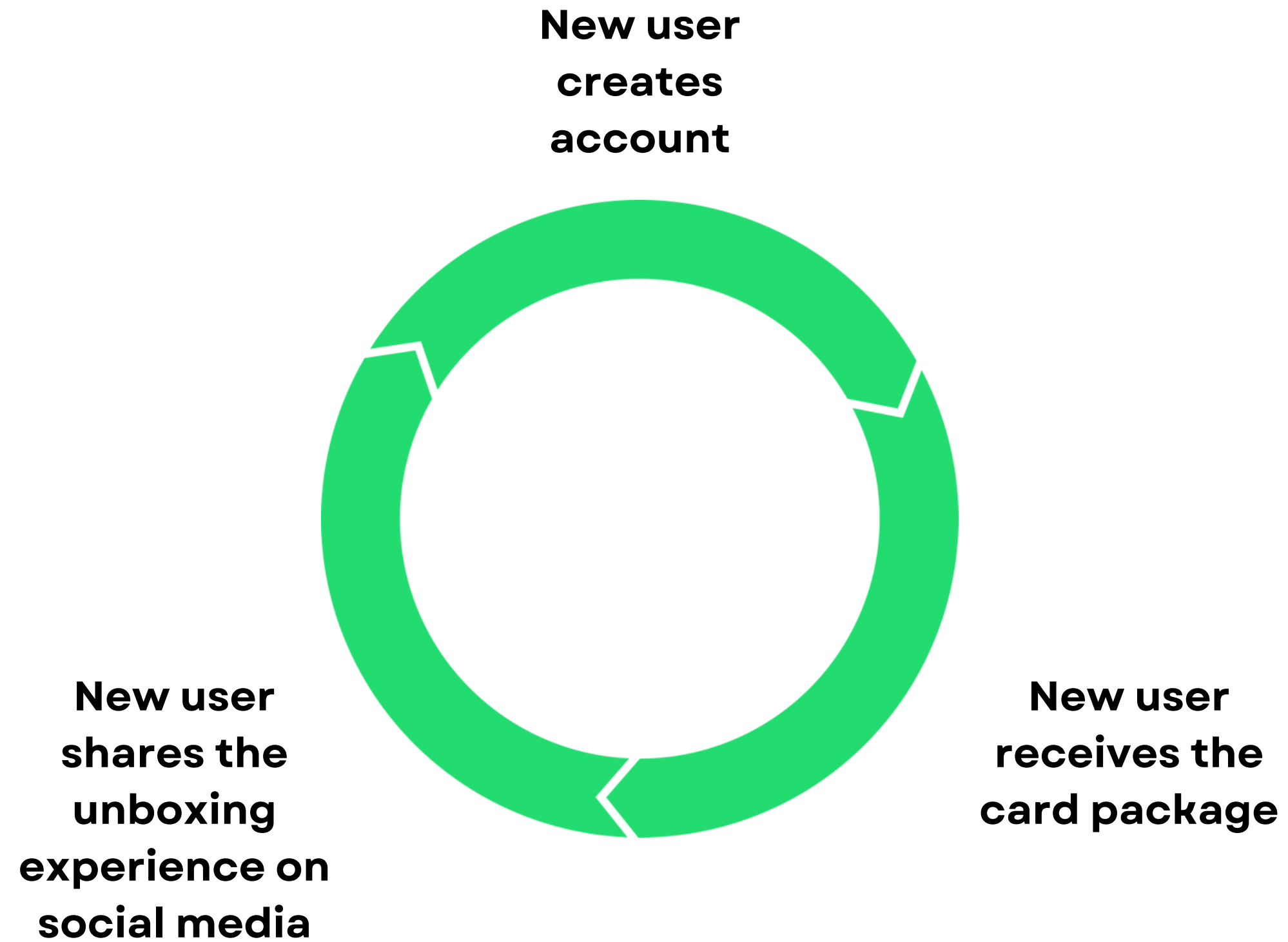


GROWTH LOOP

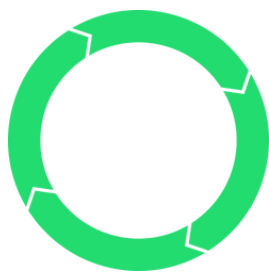
EXAMPLES



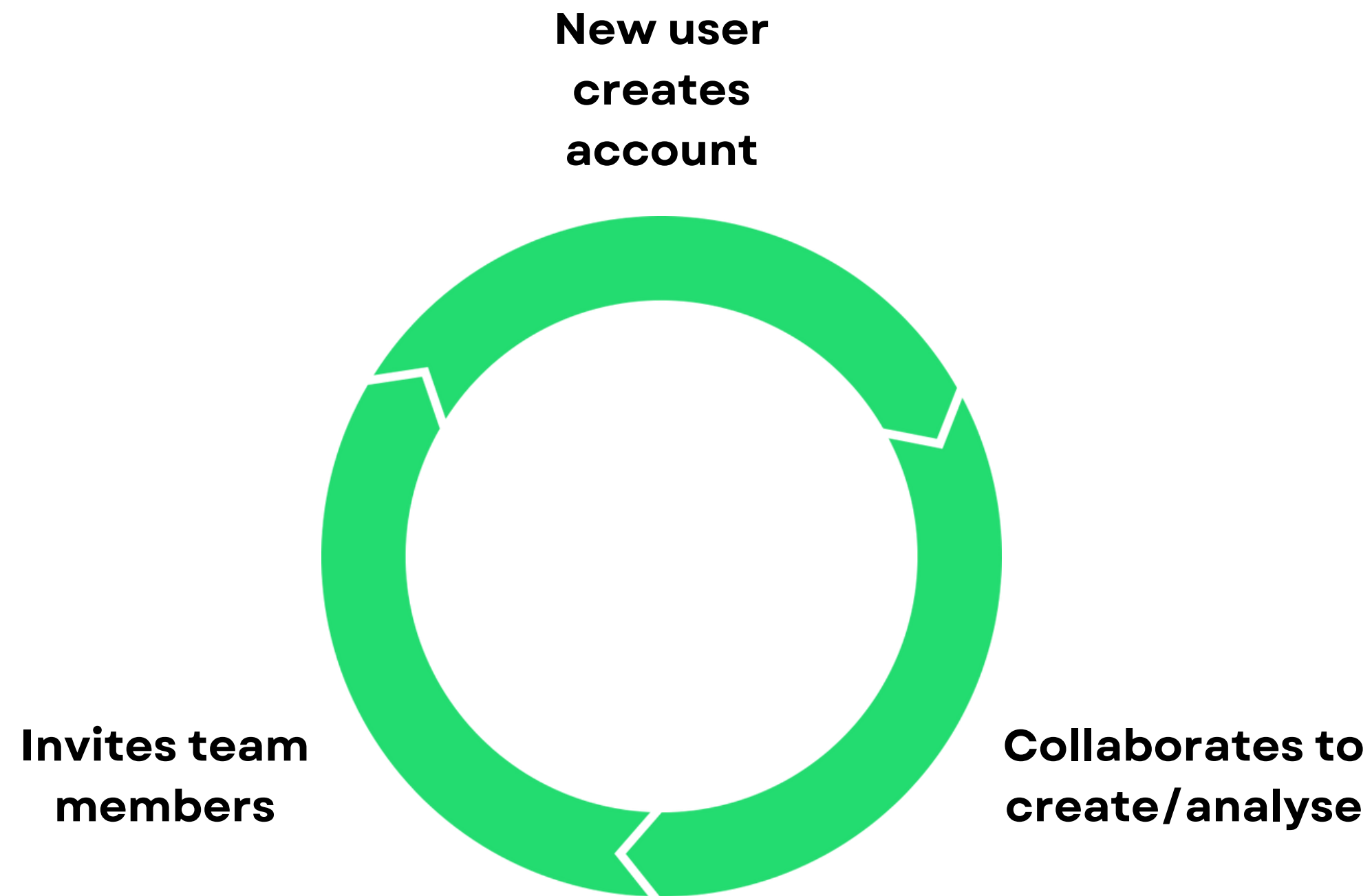
Revolut Referral Loop



Revolut Viral Loop



miro



Miro Collaboration Loop



Latest valuation: **+\$17.5B**

Revenue: **+\$313M**

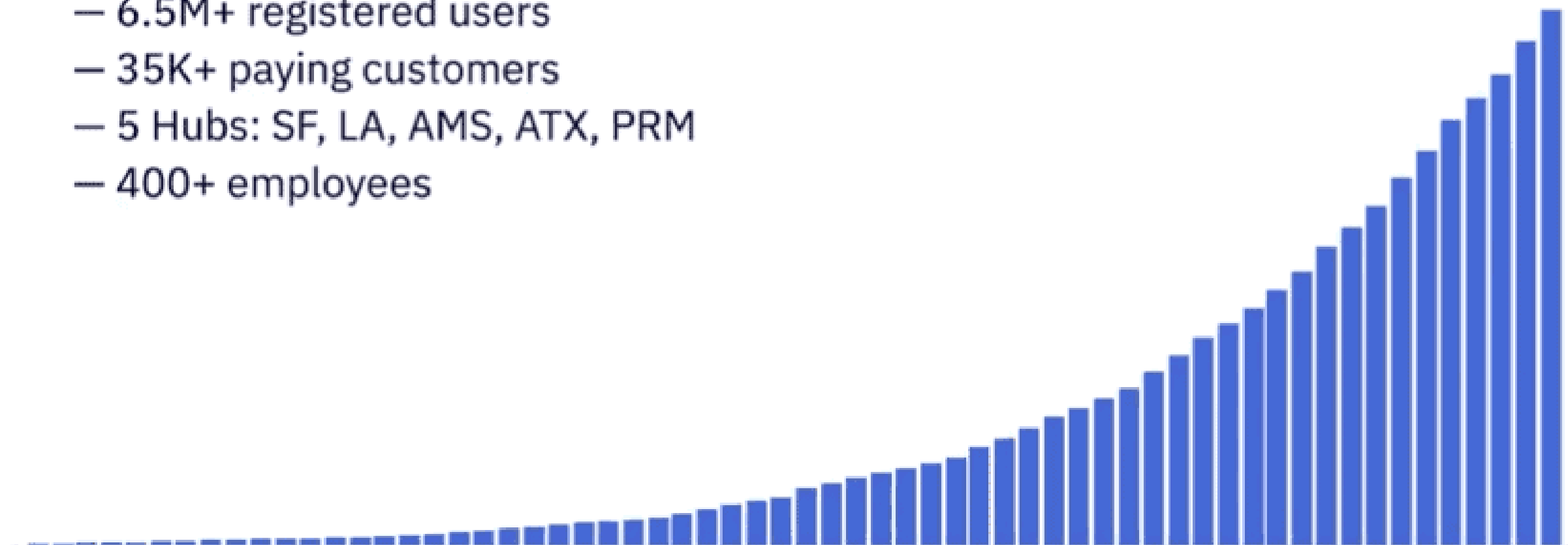
Users: **+6.5M**

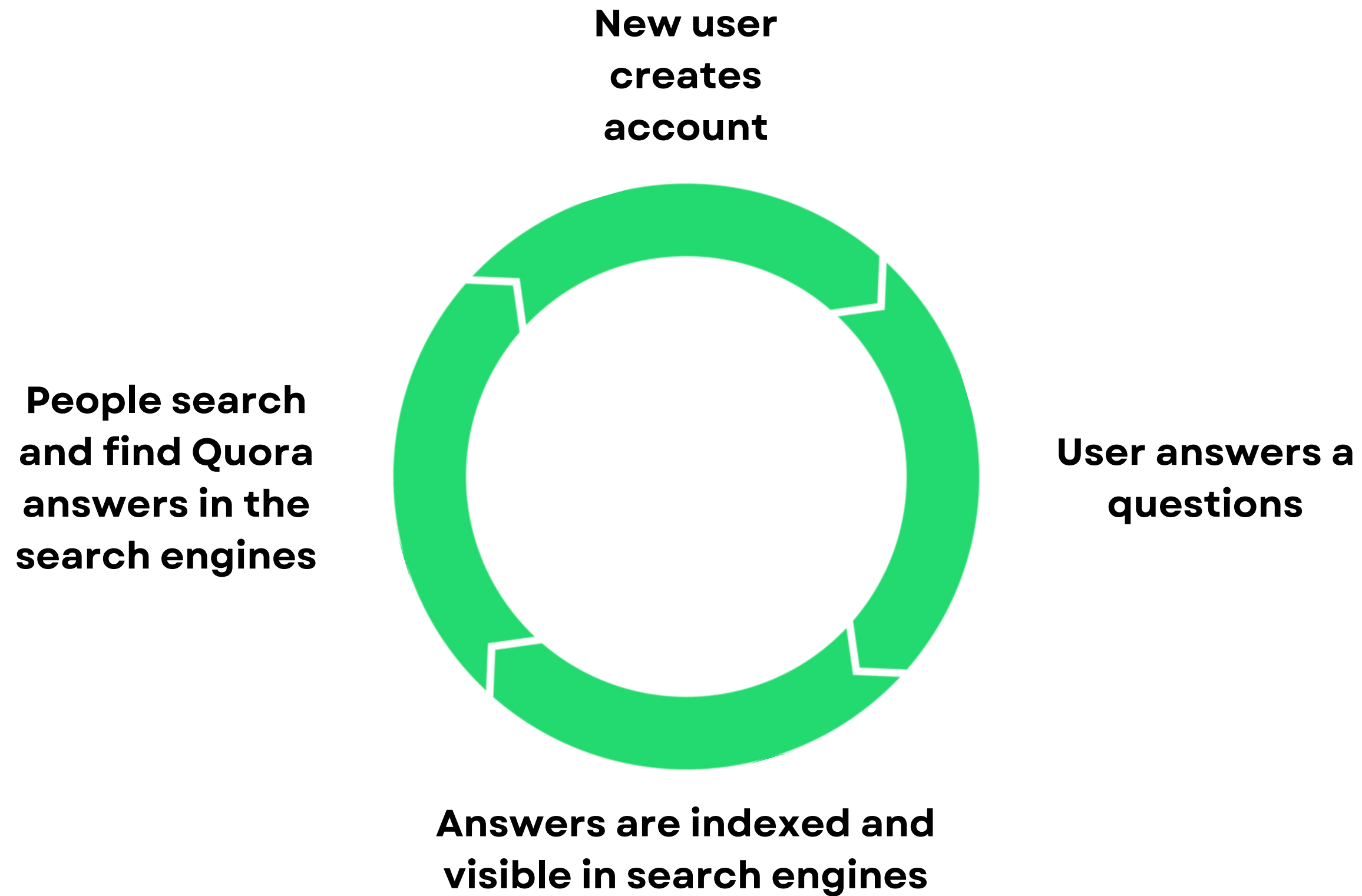
YoY growth rate: **300%**

Growth in numbers

- x3 y-o-y growth
- 6.5M+ registered users
- 35K+ paying customers
- 5 Hubs: SF, LA, AMS, ATX, PRM
- 400+ employees

miro





Quora UGC Loop

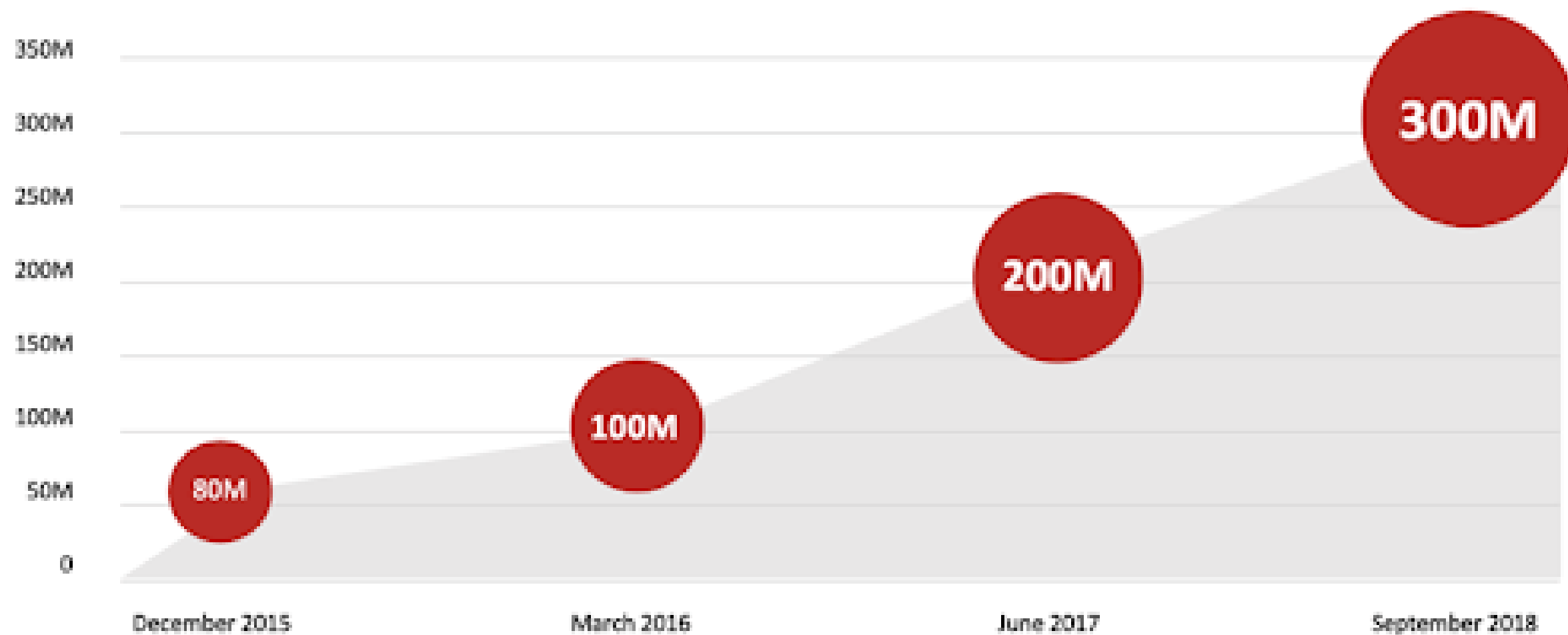


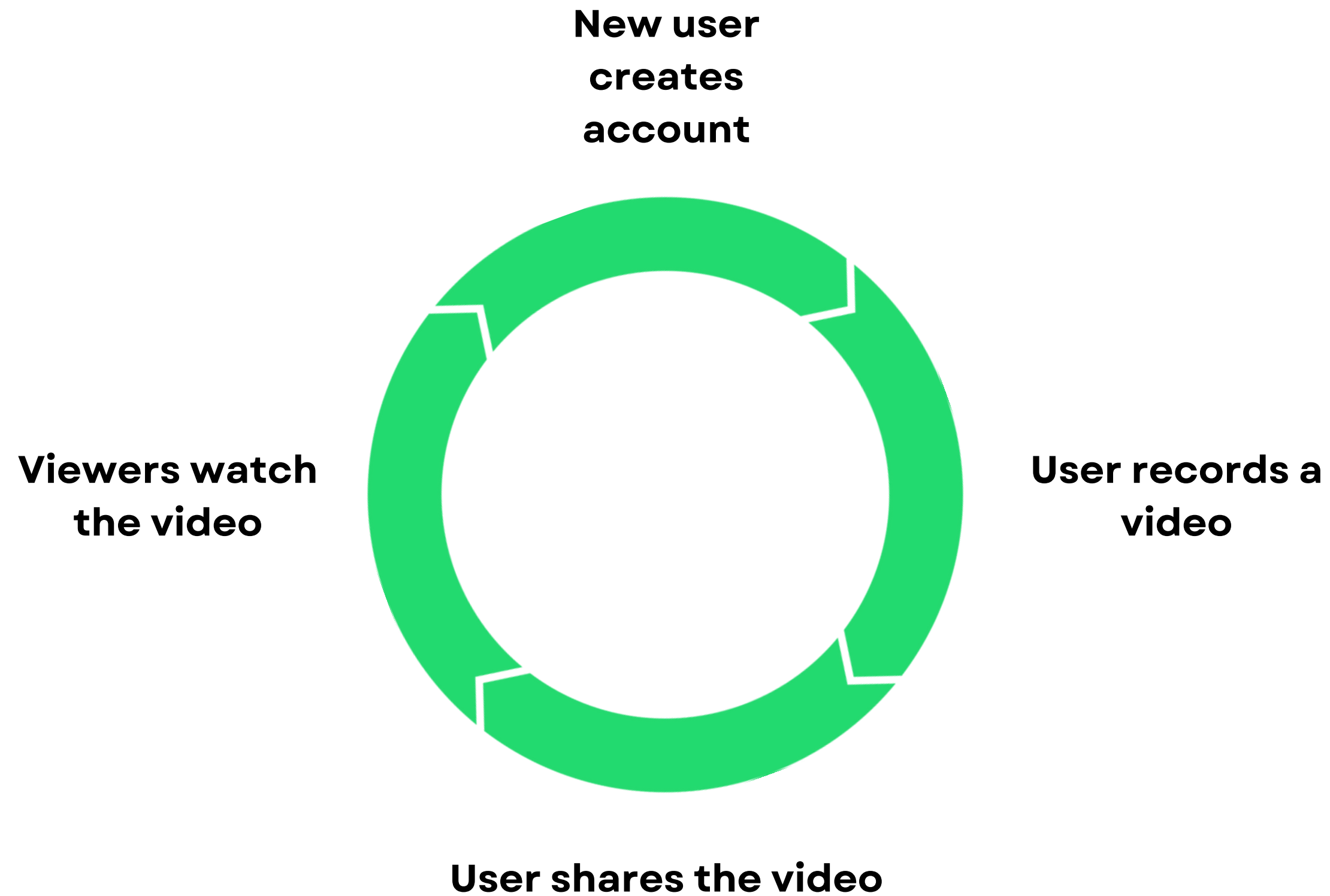
Latest valuation: **+\$2B**

Revenue: **+\$20M**

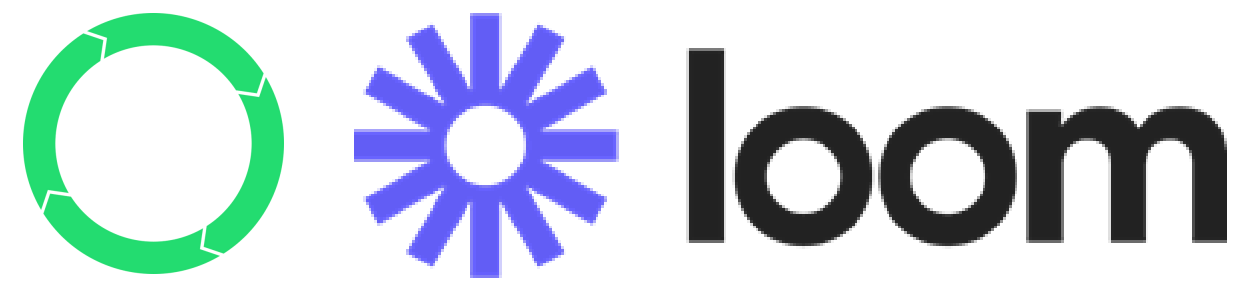
Users: **+300M**

YoY growth rate: **150%**





Loom Collaboration/UGC Loop

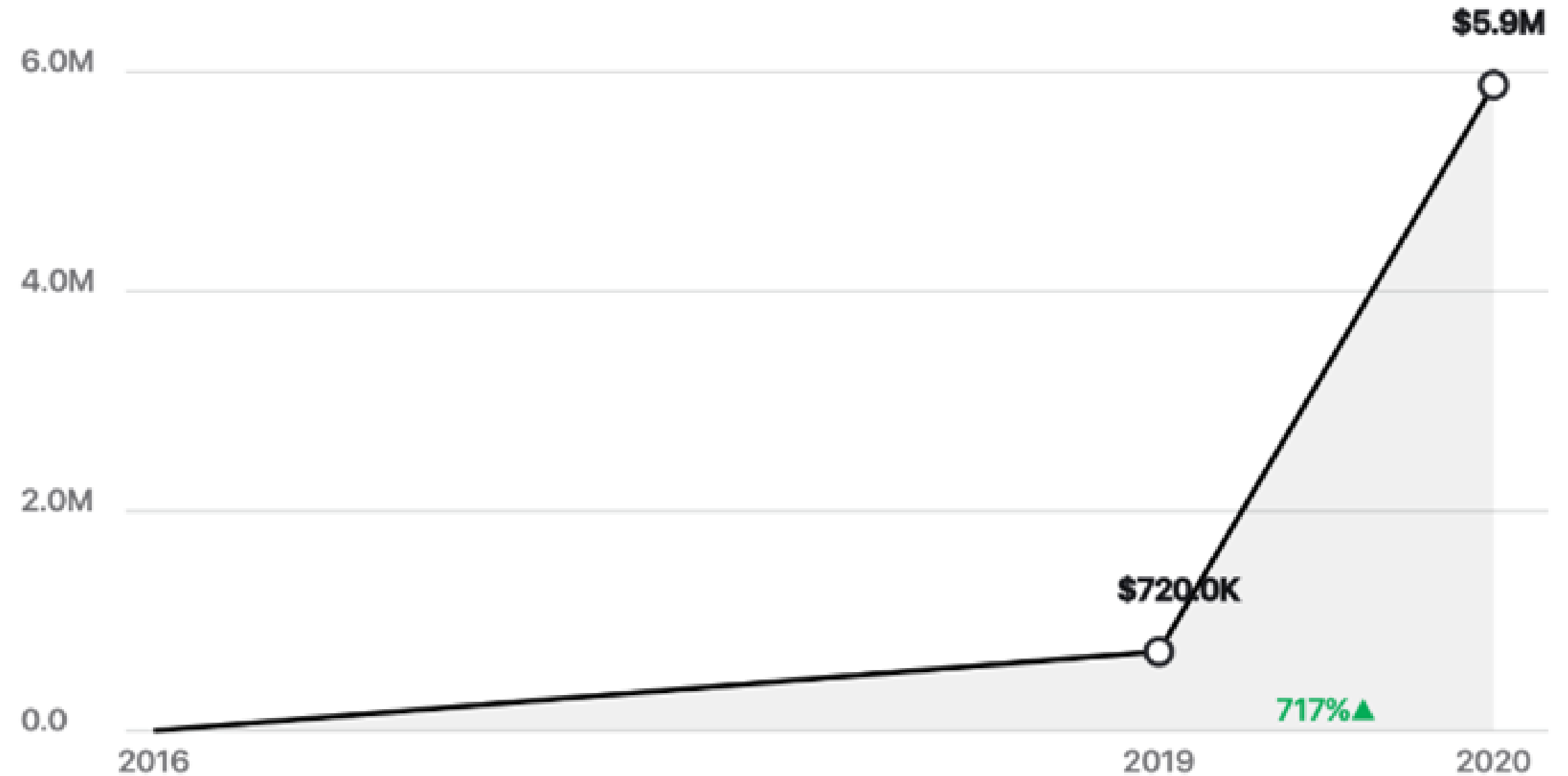


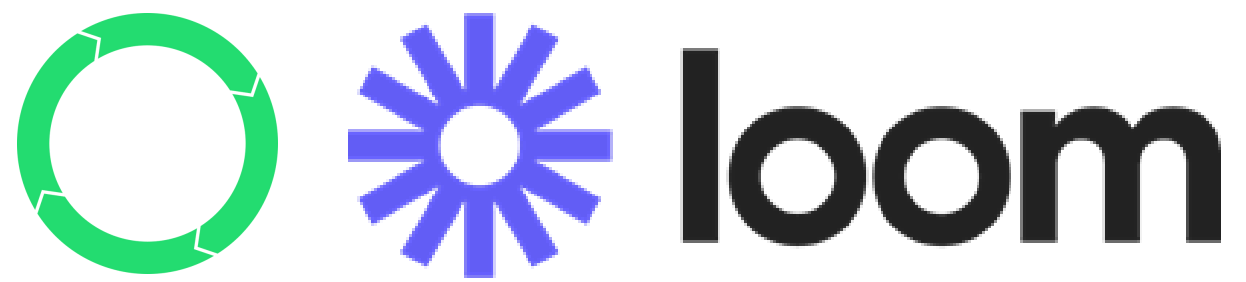
Latest valuation: **+\$1.5B**

Revenue: **+\$35M**

Users: **+10M**

YoY growth rate: **495%**

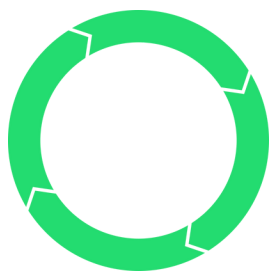




**To date, we still haven't spent a cent on paid marketing
and we're growing faster than ever.**

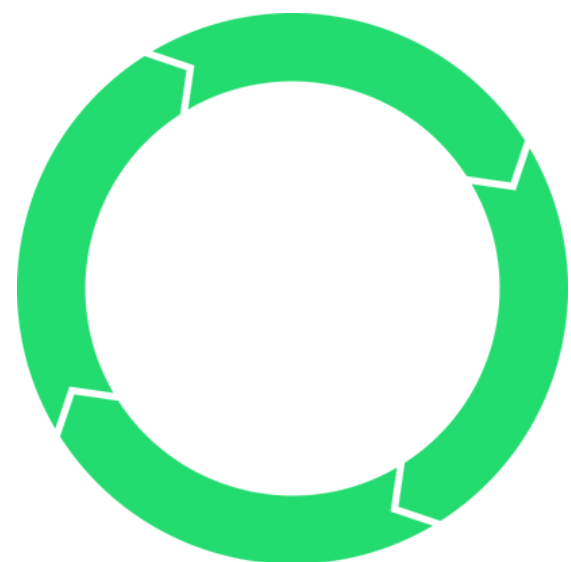
Joe Thomas, co-founder & CEO at Loom





To conclude, growth loops will help you:

- **Acquire new customers for near-to-zero-\$ CAC.**
- Create **cross-functional alignment** between product, marketing and sales.
- Increase your **growth rate**.
- Make your revenue engine **more efficient**.
- Build a deep, **defensible moat** for your business.



GROWTH LOOPS

BY OGNJEN BOŠKOVIĆ

EXCUTORS.IO

